

Creating an Academic Website Using a Static Website Generator

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Computer Friday
February 18, 2022



What To Expect Today

- ▶ This presentation aims to give you 2 perspectives:
 1. *Objective*: A “manual” to setup an own website
 2. *Subjective*: What to aim for
- ▶ Aim: Show how easy and fast it is (30-60min) & offer a starting point → No programming skills required!
- ▶ Walkthrough based on MacOS
- ▶ I am not an expert and I just learned by doing it
- ▶ If you object with steps/statements, feel free to speak up!
- ▶ All knowledge in this presentation is borrowed knowledge: Google, StackOverflow is your best friend

Note! First time presenting this: Bare with me :)



Why Should You Care? Peace of Mind and Signaling

- ▶ You are your own master (or: convenience comes at a price)
- ▶ Business cards are so 2000 (evidence)
- ▶ Website is often the first point of contact
- ▶ Upside is large and cost to get started relatively low (at least in PhD time units)
- ▶ Most people can tell what looks “good”, especially when there is heterogeneity
- ▶ Junior vs. senior: You must have made it to afford to not care, but you probably should still care a bit



examples

Let's Get Into It: What is a Static Website?

- ▶ Not a dynamic website....D'oh!
- ▶ *Dynamic websites*: A web framework installed on a server generates the page a user sees. A user makes a request, the server queries a database, pulls out the information users want to see, combines that data into an HTML page, then sends that page to a user.
- ▶ *Static websites*: Pages are pre-rendered (no pulling from a database), so the server doesn't do any of the work of building the page. It only handles sending the appropriate page to the user.
- ▶ Static websites cut out page generation: All information displayed on each webpage is already contained in an HTML file for that webpage
- ▶ The HTML files are generated by a static website generator such as Jekyll, Hugo etc.



Let's Get Into It: WTF is Jekyll/Hugo?

- ▶ Bob the Builder for static websites
- ▶ Jekyll/Hugo build static HTML site files which you then host and can access as your website
- ▶ Jekyll/Hugo generate static HTML pages by combining content written in markdown with HTML templates which wrap and style the content
- ▶ Jekyll/Hugo output an HTML file for display on the web (→ your website)
- ▶ There is no such thing as a Jekyll/Hugo website, only a static website generated/built by Jekyll/Hugo



Jekyll vs. Hugo

- ▶ Based on different languages (Ruby vs. Go)
- ▶ Rely on different dependencies
- ▶ More templates available for Jekyll (~ 1200 vs. 400)
- ▶ Hugo is faster (but unlikely that it will matter)

Conclusion: Does not matter too much. If you understood one way, you can figure out the other!

→ If you have a theme that you like, decide based on that!



Why a Static Website

Pros

- ▶ Low maintenance (setup and changes)
- ▶ Security
- ▶ Speed
- ▶ Preservation & Versioning
- ▶ Learning
- ▶ Customization possible
- ▶ Free hosting on GitHub Pages
- ▶ Optimized for different browser and mobile

Cons

- ▶ Initial fixed cost
- ▶ Some nerves



Example 1: DevResume Theme

SIMON DOE

Senior Software Engineer

0123 4567 890
simon.doe@yourwebsite.com
www.yourwebsite.com
New York



Summarise your career here. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor. Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu, pretium quis, sem. Maecenas nec odio et ante tincidunt tempus. Donec vitae sapien ut libero venenatis faucibus. Nullam quis ante. Etiam sit amet orci eget eros faucibus tincidunt. Duis leo. Sed fringilla mauris sit amet nibh.

WORK EXPERIENCE

Senior Software Engineer

Google | 2019 - Present

Role description goes here ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor. Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu, pretium quis, sem. Donec pede justo, fringilla vel. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor. Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis.

- **First** Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur.
- **Second** Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor.
- **Third** Etiam ultricies nisi vel augue.

Lead Software Developer

Apple | 2016 - 2019

Role description goes here ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor. Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Donec quam felis, ultricies nec, pellentesque eu, pretium quis, sem. Donec pede justo, fringilla vel.

- **First** Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur.
- **Second** Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor.

Senior Software Developer

Dropbox | 2014 - 2016

Role description goes here ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Aenean commodo ligula eget dolor. Aenean massa. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus.

SKILLS

Technical

JavaScript/Angular/React/Vue
Python/Ruby/PHP
Node.js/ASP.NET
PostgreSQL/MySQL
Object-oriented design
Design and implement database structures
Lead and deliver complex software systems

Professional

Effective communication
Team player
Strong problem solver
Good time management

EDUCATION

MSc in Computer Science

Example 2: Avicenna Theme



Hadi Sinaee

Ph.D., Stanford University
email@cs.stanford.edu

CEO & Co-Founder, The Coolest Startup in the World
email@mycooleststartup.ai



Donec sollicitudin, ante pulvinar tincidunt luctus, dolor mauris lobortis ex, id tincidunt metus risus nec ex. Curabitur magna mauris, facilisis vitae porttitor vitae, tincidunt sed mi. In at dul lectus. Integer ante arcu, vestibulum fermentum ante ex, maximus maximus quam. Curabitur placerat cursus posuere. Phasellus dul lorem, varius a augue non, eleifend accumsan mauris. Aenean varius posuere feugiat. In hac habitasse platea dictumst. Aenean quis ex quis nisi consequat fermentum in vitae nunc. Proin consectetur ac nulla in tempus. Maecenas enim nisi, pulvinar sit amet fermentum eget, ultrices vitae enim. Etiam vel sollicitudin fells.

Donec sollicitudin, ante pulvinar tincidunt luctus, dolor mauris lobortis ex, id tincidunt metus risus nec ex. Curabitur magna mauris, facilisis vitae porttitor vitae,

Interests

- Data Intensive Systems
- Distributed Systems
- Data Streaming Platforms
- Large-Scale Data Processing Platforms

Academia

Stanford University Ph.D. Data Systems	2013 - present
Sharif University of Technology M.Sc. Software Engineering graduated without first class honor, supervised by Prof. Very Cool	2013 - 2016
University of Kashan B.Sc. Software Engineering, Minor: Statistics graduated with first class honor, supervised by Prof. Cool	2009 - 2013

Recent Publications

Custom Subtitle: see my google scholar for the latest list

Your Paper Name Goes Here, 2018, Journal of Machine Learning
Your Full Name, Another Researcher
[pdf](#) [code](#) [slides](#) [video](#)

Your Paper Name Goes Here, 2018, Journal of Machine Learning
Your Full Name, Another Researcher
[pdf](#) [code](#) [slides](#) [video](#)

Your Paper Name Goes Here, 2016, Journal of Machine Learning

Example 3: Academic Theme



Lena Smith

Professor of Artificial Intelligence
Stanford University



Biography

Lena Smith is a professor of artificial intelligence at the Stanford AI Lab. Her research interests include distributed robotics, mobile computing and programmable matter. She leads the Robotic Neurobiology group, which develops self-reconfiguring robots, systems of self-organizing robots, and mobile sensor networks.

Interests

- Artificial Intelligence
- Computational Linguistics
- Information Retrieval

Education

- 🎓 PhD in Artificial Intelligence, 2012
Stanford University
- 🎓 MEng in Artificial Intelligence, 2009
Massachusetts Institute of Technology
- 🎓 BSc in Artificial Intelligence, 2008
Massachusetts Institute of Technology

Recent Publications

[More Publications >](#)

📄 A Person Re-Identification System For Mobile Devices

[Details](#) [PDF](#)

📄 Mobile visual clothing search

[Details](#) [PDF](#) [Code](#) [Dataset](#) [Project](#) [Slides](#) [Video](#) [Custom Link](#)

Example 4: Goa Theme

Erlich Bachman

Startup Guru Extraordinaire

Now @Pied Piper. Previously @Hacker Hostel, @Bachmanity and @Aviato.
"What is F times 5? It's Fleventy-five."

[Twitter](#) [GitHub](#) [Facebook](#) [Dribbble](#) [LinkedIn](#) [Email](#)

[blog](#)
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[coderag](#)

© 2016, Erlich Bachman. Some Rights Reserved.
Powered by Hugo & Goa.

Example 5: Introduction Theme

Hi, I'm Introduction

I'm a theme for Hugo



[ABOUT](#) [PROJECTS](#) [BLOG](#) [LOREM IPSUM](#) [CONTACT](#) [ESPAÑOL](#) [DEUTSCH](#)

Example 6: Hyde Theme

Hyde

An elegant open source
and mobile first theme
for **Jekyll**. Made by
@mdo.

Download
GitHub project
Currently v1.1.1

© 2014. All rights reserved.

Hello, world!

28 Dec 2013

Welcome to **Hyde**, the perfect companion to **Jekyll**, the popular static site generator. Hyde is an elegant, open source, mobile first theme for Jekyll. It includes lightweight styles and placeholder content to get you up and running with a simple blog in no time.

Features

- Complete Jekyll setup included (layouts, config, 404, RSS feed, posts, and page)
- **Eight optional color schemes**, available via `<body>` classes
- Two orientations for content and sidebar, default (left sidebar) and **reverse** (right sidebar), available via `<body>` classes
- Mobile first design and development, so it works great on all devices
- Support for a wide gamut of HTML elements
- Related posts (time-based, because Jekyll) below each post
- Syntax highlighting, courtesy Pygments (the Python-based code snippet highlighter)

Browser support

Hyde is a rather forward-thinking project. In addition to the latest versions of Chrome, Safari (mobile and desktop), and Firefox, it is only compatible with Internet Explorer 9 and above.

Documentation

Docs for setting up and customizing Hyde can be found in the **project readme on GitHub**.

Download

Find out more and **download a copy** today from GitHub.

Tools That We Will Use

- ▶ GitHub user account + repository
 - ▶ Command line
 - ▶ Text editor
 - ▶ Markdown
-
- ▶ Alternative: Use *blogdown* package in R

markdown



Create Site Locally

1. Download and install Hugo and Git

```
brew install hugo  
hugo version  
(xcode-select --install)  
git --version
```

2. Specify folder of your website and build site locally

```
cd /Users/marlisschneider/Desktop  
hugo new site mysite
```

3. Choose a theme (alternatively: download theme repository and replace themes folder)

```
cd mysite  
cd themes  
git clone <url-theme-of-your-choice>
```



Recap: What Have We Just Done?

Install what we need (step 1) + run the command `hugo` which will generate the following folder structure (step 2)

- ▶ archetypes
- ▶ `config.toml`
- ▶ content
- ▶ data
- ▶ layouts
- ▶ static
- ▶ themes

This is not a running website yet: We need a theme (step 3)
→ Content in “themes” folder



Recap: What Have We Just Done?

Folder structure after site generation with **hugo** and adding a theme:

```
.
├─ archetypes
├─ config.toml This can also be a folder
├─ content
├─ data
├─ layouts
├─ static
└─ themes
```



Folder Structure: What Do I Need to Know?

- ▶ **archetypes:** Archetypes serve as templates for content files
- ▶ **config:** Hugo site configuration
- ▶ **content:** All content of your website: Each top-level folder/file in Hugo is considered a content section (e.g. `content/blog`, `content/articles`, and `content/tutorials`)
- ▶ **data:** Store configuration files that can be used by Hugo when generating your website
- ▶ **layouts:** Stores templates in the form of `.html` files that specify your content will be rendered into a static website
- ▶ **static:** Stores all the static content: Images, `.pdfs`, CSS etc. (copied as-is when rendered)
- ▶ **themes:** Theme of your site

Most relevant: `config.toml`, content-folder, static-folder

Customization

- ▶ Adapt theme: Edit `config.toml`
→ Pointer to Github Pages URL
- ▶ Create your first blog post

```
cd mysite  
hugo new about.md
```

- ▶ Build site locally: Look at page
<http://localhost:1313/>

```
cd mysite  
hugo server
```

- ▶ `hugo server` generates a public folder (*your website*)



Folder Structure

Folder structure after site generation with `hugo` **and** adding a theme **and** running `hugo server`:

- ▶ archetypes
- ▶ `config.toml` or **config**-folder
- ▶ content
- ▶ data
- ▶ layouts
- ▶ static
- ▶ **themes**
- ▶ **public**



Take It Up a Notch

Customization is the most theme-dependent and individual step. This presentation only offer a glimpse what is possible (sorry)!

- ▶ *If you have time/interest:* Read the documentation which is often well-done, especially for established themes, and go from there by trial-and-error
→ You cannot really mess up!
- ▶ *If you have no time/no interest:* Pay for some help from Fiverr/Upwork, especially if you have more profound/specific ideas about the design



Deploy to Github 1/3

- ▶ GitHub Pages allows you to host static websites on GitHub
- ▶ Note! Initialize as **public** repository **without** a README file and select **master** branch as your website source under settings
- ▶ For each project (= repository) you have on GitHub, the corresponding GitHub pages website will be available under `https://YOUR-GITHUB-USERNAME.github.com/YOUR-PROJECT-NAME`
- ▶ For the special project name `YOUR-GITHUB-USERNAME.github.io`, the website will be served directly under `https://YOUR-GITHUB-USERNAME.github.io`, i.e. without the project name suffix



Deploy to Github 2/3

- ▶ Render website in public folder: This step will create a `public` folder

```
cd mysite #(note: here should be 'cd'  
+ the full path to mysite)  
hugo
```

- ▶ Initialize `public` folder as Git repository (SSH key required!)

```
cd public  
git init  
git add .  
git remote add origin https://github.com/  
username/username.github.io.git
```



Deploy to Github 3/3

- ▶ Go to public folder and commit (alternative: add manually)

```
git add --all  
git commit -m 'first commit'  
git push -u origin master
```

- ▶ Check the status of your website under “Settings/Pages” (link in box)



How to Setup a Custom Domain for Github Pages

- ▶ Prerequisite: Purchase a domain on Google Domain etc.
- ▶ Let Github pages know your custom domain
- ▶ Change DNS settings
- ▶ Let your www sub-domain point to your Github page

- ▶ Optional: Enable HTTPS for your Github page
- ▶ Note! Also change domain in `config.toml`

screenshots

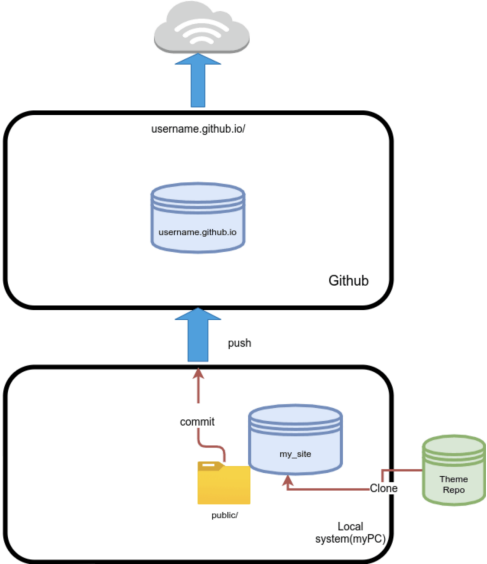


Making Changes to Your Website

- ▶ Once initial setup you are set and done
- ▶ Only need to deal with it again when you make changes (posts, design, update CV etc.)
- ▶ How it works? → Rinse and repeat basically
 1. Make changes to local machine
 2. Delete `public` folder
 3. Re-generate site/files with `hugo`
 4. Re-deploy `public` to Github Pages
- ▶ Nice to have: Automate this (see resources slide)
 1. Create a second GitHub repository and a Github action
 2. Push only local changes to the second GitHub repository (exclude public folder)
 3. GitHub action pulls the changes to your site repository and re-generates the site



Overview



Some Advice

- ▶ Do not host paper on Dropbox, Google Drive etc. as these are often blocked by government agencies etc.
- ▶ Keep the content up to date!
- ▶ Make visitors stick! Provide a public good on your website: [Example](#)
- ▶ Give it some personality (picture etc.)
- ▶ Good practice to leave the reference to the developer of the theme on your website (or point somewhere to it)

example



All Nice and Good But I Want Something Else

If skills: Code it up yourself!

If not: Pick your fighter...

- ▶ *Free*: Google Sites
→ Tutorial by Kevin H. Wilson
- ▶ *Free*: Wordpress
- ▶ *Free*: Notion
- ▶ *Some money*: wix.com, squarespace.com
→ Portfolio templates
- ▶ *More money*: OpenScholar



Resources

- ▶ Markdown Guide
- ▶ Hugo Documentation
- ▶ Documentation of Themes: [Example Academic Theme](#)
- ▶ GitHub Docs Connect with SSH
- ▶ How to Setup a Google Domain for Github Pages
- ▶ r/Hugo: A Fast & Modern Static Website Engine
- ▶ Tutorials on Youtube: [Example 1](#), [Example 2](#)
- ▶ Automation using GitHub Actions (see bottom)
- ▶ blogdown: Creating Websites with R Markdown
- ▶ For Google Sites: Tutorial and twitter thread by Kevin H. Wilson



What is Markdown?

- ▶ Language that you can use to add formatting elements to plaintext text documents
- ▶ You add Markdown syntax to the text to indicate which words should look different
- ▶ The text is stored in a plaintext file that has an *.md* or *.markdown* extension
- ▶ Why markdown? Universal, portable, platform independent, future-proof
- ▶ Relevance: Markdown-formatted text can be converted to HTML so it can be displayed in web browsers

back



What is Markdown?

```
what-is-markdown.md — markdown-guide  
EXPLOR... | what-is-markdown.md M X  
  > _basic-syntax  
  > _data  
  > _extended-syntax  
  > _getting-started  
    > additional-resources.md  
    > flavors-of-markdown.md  
    > how-does-it-work.md M  
    > kicking-the-tires.md  
    > what-is-markdown.md M  
    > whats-markdown-good-for...  
    > why-use-markdown.md  
  > _includes  
  > _layouts  
  > _site  
  > _tools  
  > .git-metadata  
_getting-started > what-is-markdown.md > ## What is Markdown?  
1  ## What is Markdown?  
2  
3  Markdown is a lightweight markup language that you can use to add formatting elements to  
  plaintext text documents. Created by [John Gruber](https://daringfireball.net/projects/  
  markdown/) in 2004, Markdown is now one of the world's most popular markup languages.  
4  
5  Using Markdown is different than using a [WYSIWYG](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/  
  WYSIWYG) editor. In an application like Microsoft Word, you click buttons to format  
  words and phrases, and the changes are visible immediately. Markdown isn't like that.  
  When you create a Markdown-formatted file, you add Markdown syntax to the text to  
  indicate which words and phrases should look different.  
6  
7  For instance, to denote a heading, you add a number sign before it (e.g., `# Heading  
  One`). Or to make a phrase bold, you add two asterisks before and after it (e.g.,  
  `**this text is bold**`). It may take a while to get used to seeing Markdown syntax in  
  your text, especially if you're accustomed to WYSIWYG applications. The screenshot below  
  shows a Markdown file displayed in the [Visual Studio Code text editor](/tools/vscode/).  
8  
master* | 0 0 0 2 | markdown | what-is-markdown.md | Ln 13, Col 303 | Spaces: 2 | UTF-8 | LF | Markdown
```

back



URL Custom Domain Settings

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at <https://charlieyankeeblog.com/>

Source

Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the master branch. [Learn more.](#)

master branch ▾

Save

User pages must be built from the master branch.

Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme. [Learn more.](#)

Your site is currently using the Cayman theme.

Change theme

Custom domain

Custom domains allow you to serve your site from a domain other than `chun-yang.github.io`. [Learn more.](#)

charlieyankeeblog.com

Save

Enforce HTTPS

HTTPS provides a layer of encryption that prevents others from snooping on or tampering with traffic to your site. When HTTPS is enforced, your site will only be served over HTTPS. [Learn more.](#)

URL Custom Domain Settings

The screenshot shows the Google Domains interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with options: 'Get a new domain', 'My domains', 'Transfer', 'Billing', 'Send feedback', 'Help', and 'United States'. The main content area is titled 'My domains' and contains a table with the following data:

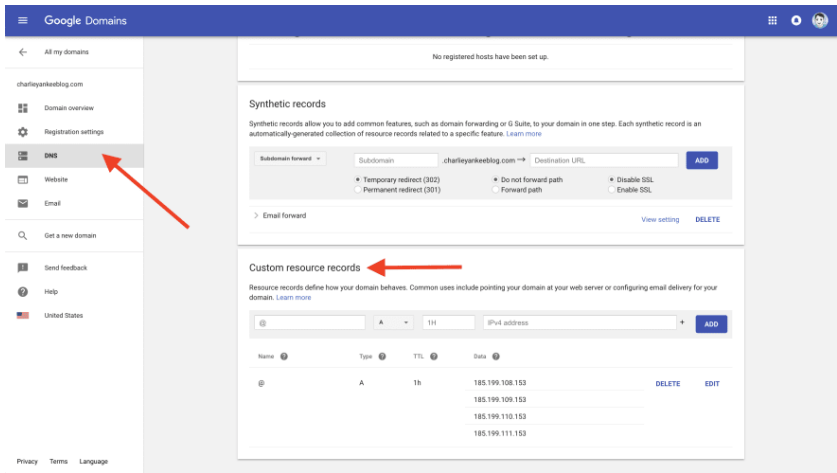
Name	Service	Expires/renews on	
charleyankeeblog.com	None	Dec 20, 2019	MANAGE

Below the table is a 'Get a new domain' button. A red arrow points from the 'MANAGE' link in the table to the 'Get a new domain' button.

At the bottom left of the page, there are links for 'Privacy', 'Terms', and 'Language'.

back

URL Custom Domain Settings



Google Domains

All my domains

charleyankeeblog.com

- Domain overview
- Registration settings
- DNS**
- Website
- Email

Get a new domain

Send feedback

Help

United States

Privacy Terms Language

No registered hosts have been set up.

Synthetic records

Synthetic records allow you to add common features, such as domain forwarding or G Suite, to your domain in one step. Each synthetic record is an automatically-generated collection of resource records related to a specific feature. [Learn more](#)

Subdomain forward ▾ Subdomain .charleyankeeblog.com → Destination URL **ADD**

- Temporary redirect (302)
- Permanent redirect (301)
- Do not forward path
- Forward path
- Disable SSL
- Enable SSL

> Email forward [View setting](#) [DELETE](#)

Custom resource records

Resource records define how your domain behaves. Common uses include pointing your domain at your web server or configuring email delivery for your domain. [Learn more](#)

Ⓜ A 1H IPv4 address **ADD**

Name	Type	TTL	Data		
Ⓜ	A	1h	185.199.108.153	DELETE	EDIT
			185.199.109.153		
			185.199.110.153		
			185.199.111.153		

back


URL Custom Domain Settings

Custom resource records

Resource records define how your domain behaves. Common uses include pointing your domain at your web server or configuring email delivery for your domain. [Learn more](#)

@	A	1H	185.199.108.153	x
			185.199.109.153	x
			185.199.110.153	x
			185.199.111.153	x
				+

ADD




back

URL Custom Domain Settings

Custom resource records

Resource records define how your domain behaves. Common uses include pointing your domain at your web server or configuring email delivery for your domain. [Learn more](#)

<input type="text" value="www"/>	<input type="text" value="CNAME"/>	<input type="text" value="1H"/>	<input type="text" value="chun-yang.github.io."/>	<input type="button" value="ADD"/>
----------------------------------	------------------------------------	---------------------------------	---	------------------------------------



[back](#)

URL Custom Domain Settings

GitHub Pages

GitHub Pages is designed to host your personal, organization, or project pages from a GitHub repository.

✓ Your site is published at <https://charlieyankeeblog.com/>

Source

Your GitHub Pages site is currently being built from the `master` branch. [Learn more.](#)

master branch ▾

Save

User pages must be built from the `master` branch.

Theme Chooser

Select a theme to publish your site with a Jekyll theme. [Learn more.](#)

Your site is currently using the Cayman theme.

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charlieyankeeblog.com

Save

Enforce HTTPS

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Do Not Host Paper on Google Drive or Dropbox



Matthew Yglesias ✓

@mattyglesias



It's not a great idea for scholars to post their research as Google Drive or Dropbox links (many government or corporate users will be blocked, etc) and I wish universities would use some of their eleven million administrative slots to help equip folks with best practices here.

[Tweet übersetzen](#)

12:55 nachm. · 29. Nov. 2021 · Twitter for iPhone

back

Do Not Host Paper on Google Drive or Dropbox



scott cunningham

@causalinf



So PSA. I tried sharing my videos for Mixtape Sessions on the last day to Dropbox. I'd been using cloud zoom, but it went to 89%, and so the last day I used the local computer recording option and thought I'd just share it in zoom. Well the traffic to the link got me suspended

[Tweet übersetzen](#)

Hi scott,

This email is an automated notification from Dropbox that your Public links have been temporarily suspended for generating excessive traffic.

Upgrade your Dropbox today to increase the total amount of traffic that all of your links and file requests together can generate.

[Upgrade your Dropbox!](#)

For more information on suspended links, please visit the [Help Center](#).

How long does the ban last, and what should I do next?

The first time you see a banned link error message, your link or file request will be disabled for 24 hours. After 24 hours, we recommend you:

1. [Rename the original file.](#)
2. [Re-upload it to Dropbox.](#)
3. Create a completely new share link or file request.

Note: For every ban after the first one, your link will be disabled for longer

3:33 nachm. · 30. Jan. 2022 · Twitter for iPhone